- 1 Education Cabinet
- 2 Kentucky Board of Education
- 3 Department of Education
- 4 (Amendment)
- 5 703 KAR 5:001. Assessment and accountability definitions.
- 6 RELATES TO: KRS 158.645, 158.6451, 158.6453, 158.6455, 158.6457, 20 U.S.C. 6301
- 7 et seq.
- 8 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 156.029, 156.070, 158.6453, 158.6455
- 9 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: KRS 158.6455 requires the
- 10 Kentucky Board of Education to promulgate administrative regulations to establish a
- system to create and implement a statewide assessment and accountability program. This
- 12 administrative regulation establishes definitions for Kentucky's Assessment and
- 13 Accountability Program.
- 14 Section 1. Definitions. (1) "A1 school" means a school under administrative
- 15 control of a principal or head teacher and eligible to establish a school-based decision-
- making council. An A1 school is not a program operated by, or as a part of, another
- 17 school.
- 18 (2) "A2 program" means a district-operated, totally vocational-technical
- program, where the membership is counted in other schools.
- 20 (3) "A3 program" means a district-operated, totally special education program.
- 21 (4) "A4 program" means a district-operated, totally preschool program (e.g.,
- Headstart, Kentucky Education Reform Act (KERA) Preschool, or Parent And Child
- 23 Education (PACE)).

- 1 (5) "A5 program" means an alternative program which is a district-operated and district-
- 2 controlled facility with no definable attendance boundaries that is designed to provide
- 3 services to at-risk populations with unique needs. Its
- 4 population composition and characteristics change frequently and are controlled by the
- 5 local school district student assignment practices and policies (i.e., the local district
- 6 personnel have input with regard to the identification of students receiving services
- 7 provided by the A5 school as opposed to unconditionally accepting court ordered
- 8 placements). Students enrolled in A5 program typically include:
- 9 (a) Actual dropouts returning to an alternate educational environment;
- 10 (b) Potential or probable dropouts;
- 11 (c) Drug abusers;
- 12 (d) Physically abused students;
- 13 (e) Discipline problem students;
- 14 (f) Nontraditional students (e.g., students who have to work during the school day); or
- 15 (g) Students needing treatment (e.g., emotional/psychological).
- 16 (6) "A6 program" means a district-operated instructional program in a
- 17 nondistrict-operated institution or school.
- 18 (7) "A2-A6 program" means a program which is classified as A2, A3, A4, A5, or A6.
- 19 (8) "Academic index" means the summary statistic or index which describes school
- success on the academic goals one (1), two (2), five (5), and six (6) set forth in KRS
- 21 158.6451(1)(b).
- 22 (9) "Accountability index" means the statistic defined in KRS 158.6457(1).

- 1 (10) "Accountability level" means elementary (grades end of primary, four (4), and five
- 2 (5)), middle (grades six (6), seven (7), and eight (8)), or high school (grades nine (9), ten
- 3 (10), eleven (11), and twelve (12)).
- 4 (11) "Adequate yearly progress in both reading and mathematics" means required
- 5 performance of each school or district in obtaining:
- 6 (a) Annual measurable objectives in reading and mathematics in the total school or
- 7 district and each subpopulation of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.;
- 8 (b) A school classification of any category of Progressing or Meet Goal in the CATS
- 9 biennial or midpoint classification, whichever occurred more recently, [prior year
- 10 accountability index at the elementary and middle school levels [that is eighty (80) or
- 11 higher, equal to or greater than the corresponding biennial goal, or greater when
- 12 compared to the accountability index from the year before].
- 13 (c) A prior year graduation rate at the high school level that exceeds that of the year
- before or meeting the annual goal established by the Kentucky Board of Education for
- 15 graduation rate as follows:
- 16 YEAR GRADUATION RATE GOAL
- 17 2002 71.00
- 18 2003 73.25
- 19 2004 75.50
- 20 2005 77.75
- 21 2006 80.00
- 22 2007 82.25
- 23 2008 84.50

| 1 | 2009 | 86.75 |
|----|--|--|
| 2 | 2010 | 89.00 |
| 3 | 2011 | 91.25 |
| 4 | 2012 | 93.50 |
| 5 | 2013 | 95.75 |
| 6 | 2014 | 98.00 |
| 7 | ; and | |
| 8 | (d) The required ninety-five (95) percent participation rate in the total school or district | |
| 9 | and each subpopulation of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. | |
| 10 | (12) "Adequate yearly progress in mathematics" means required performance of | |
| 11 | each school or district in obtaining: | |
| 12 | (a) Annual measurable objectives in mathematics in the total school or district and each | |
| 13 | subpopulation of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.; | |
| 14 | (b) A school classification of any category of Progressing or Meet Goal in the CATS | |
| 15 | biennial or midpoint classification, whichever occurred more recently, [prior year | |
| 16 | accountability index] at the elementary and middle school levels [that is eighty (80) or | |
| 17 | higher, equal to or greater than the corresponding biennial goal, or greater when | |
| 18 | compared to | the accountability index from the year before]. |
| 19 | (c) A prior ye | ear graduation rate at the high school level that exceeds that of the year |
| 20 | before or mee | eting the annual goal established by the Kentucky Board of Education for |
| 21 | graduation rate as listed in Section 1(11)(c) of this administrative regulation; and | |
| 22 | (d) The required ninety-five (95) percent participation rate in the total school or district | |
| 23 | and each subj | population of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq. |

- 1 (13) "Adequate yearly progress in reading" means required performance of each
- 2 school or district in obtaining:
- 3 (a) Annual measurable objectives in reading in the total school or district and each
- 4 subpopulation of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.;
- 5 (b) A school classification of any category of Progressing or Meet Goal in the CATS
- 6 biennial or midpoint classification, whichever occurred more recently, [prior year
- 7 accountability index] at the elementary and middle school levels [that is eighty (80) or
- 8 higher, equal to or greater than the corresponding biennial goal, or greater when
- 9 compared to the accountability index from the year before].
- 10 (c) A prior year graduation rate at the high school level that exceeds that of the year
- before or meeting the annual goal established by the Kentucky Board of Education for
- graduation rate as listed in Section 1(11)(c) of this administrative regulation; and
- 13 (d) The required ninety-five (95) percent participation rate in the total school or district
- and each subpopulation of sufficient size identified in 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.
- 15 (14) "Alternate portfolio" means that component of the assessment system
- designed for students with legally-identified disabilities who cannot with the assistance of
- 17 available accommodations, modifications, or both participate in the regular curriculum.
- 18 (15) "Alternate portfolio scores" means the scores assigned by teachers, or
- scores reassigned through state scoring review procedures, to a collection of
- best pieces of student work assembled through the instructional process.
- 21 (16) "Assistance line" means that unique line for a school that starts in the
- biennium ending with the school year 2001-2002 at one (1) standard error of

- 1 measurement below the school's baseline accountability index to a point that is one (1)
- 2 standard error of measurement below eighty (80) on the accountability index scale in the
- 3 biennium ending with the school year 2013-2014, with the calculated points defining this
- 4 line rounded to the nearest tenth. If a school's baseline is above eighty (80), the assistance
- 5 line means a horizontal line at eighty (80) minus one (1) standard error of measurement.
- 6 (17) "Baseline accountability index" means the accountability index score that describes
- 7 the school's average performance during the 1998-99 and 1999-2000 school years, and is
- 8 that number against which progress on the accountability index shall be measured.
- 9 (18) "Comprehensive school improvement plan" means a data driven and
- 10 research-based framework developed by the school which contains specific
- recommendations from the scholastic audit team for improving teaching and
- student learning and identifies priority needs for strengthening the school's
- instructional and organizational effectiveness.
- 14 (19) "Confidence interval" means a range of scores determined for which there is a
- designated percent confidence that a school or district score falls within this range.
- 16 (20) "District evaluation team" means one (1) or more scholastic audit teams as
- 17 established in 703 KAR 5:120.
- 18 (21) "Full academic year for a district" means a district is accountable for any student
- who is enrolled in the district any 100 instructional days from the district's first
- 20 instructional day of the school year through the first day of the testing window for the
- 21 appropriate accountability level established by the district.
- 22 (22) "Full academic year for a school" means a school is accountable for any

- student who is enrolled in the school any 100 instructional days from the first
- 2 instructional day of the school year through the first day of the testing window.
- 3 (23) "Gained population" means students in grades at which accountability
- 4 assessments are administered who now attend a different school because of
- 5 service area boundary changes or other local board of education policy changes affecting
- 6 the school population served.
- 7 (24) "Goal line" means a fixed line that extends from a point that is one (1)
- 8 standard error of measurement below school's baseline index to a point that is one (1)
- 9 standard error of measurement below the state goal established for the target biennium.
- 10 Points calculated defining this line shall be rounded to the nearest tenth. In any biennium,
- a school's growth accountability index shall be at or above this line in order to achieve a
- 12 classification of meets goal in recognition of growth.
- 13 (25) "Graduation rate" means the quotient of: {number of current year grade 12
- completers (standard diploma within four (4) years, including students with disabilities
- whose IEP's stipulate they will need more than four (4) years to obtain a standard
- diploma)} divided by {number of current year grade 12 completers (includes standard
- diplomas plus certificates of completion), plus the number of current year grade 12
- dropouts, plus the number of dropouts from the current 12th grade that dropped out as
- 19 11th graders, plus the number of dropouts from the current 12th grade class that dropped
- out as 10th graders, plus the number of dropouts from the current 12th grade class that
- 21 dropped out as 9th graders.

- 1 (26) "Growth accountability index" means the average accountability index that
- describes the school's performance every two (2) years beginning with the 2000-2001 and
- 3 2001-2002 school years.
- 4 (27) "In need of assistance" means the school's growth accountability index
- 5 falls below its assistance point.
- 6 (28) "Level 1" means a classification assigned to a school that has an index
- 7 score that places it in the highest one-third (1/3) of all schools below the
- 8 assistance line.
- 9 (29) "Level 2" means a classification assigned to a school that has an index
- score that places it in the middle one-third (1/3) of all schools below the
- 11 assistance line.
- 12 (30) "Level 3" means a classification assigned to a school that has an index
- score that places it in the lowest one-third (1/3) of all schools below the
- 14 assistance line.
- 15 (31) "Lost population" means students in grades at which accountability
- assessments are administered who no longer can attend a particular school
- because of service area boundary changes or other local board of education
- policy changes affecting school population served.
- 19 (32) "Meets goal" means a school with a growth accountability index that meets or
- 20 exceeds its goal point and the school meets the dropout and novice reduction
- 21 requirements of 703 KAR 5:020, Section 8.
- 22 (33) "No child left behind improvement school or district" means a school or
- 23 district that fails to make adequate yearly progress for two (2) consecutive

- 1 years in the same content area, reading or mathematics.
- 2 (34) "Nonacademic index" means the statistic which describes school success on the
- 3 nonacademic goals set forth in KRS 158.6451(1)(c), (d), and (f).
- 4 (35) "Participation in state-required assessments" means making a good faith
- 5 effort by completing four multiple-choice items or responding to at least one
- 6 constructed-response item in the reading and mathematics assessments combined
- 7 for the appropriate grade level.
- 8 (36) "Participation rate" means the percent of students who participated in the state-
- 9 required assessments.
- 10 (37) "Progressing" means the school's growth accountability index falls below
- its goal point and meets or exceeds its assistance point.
- 12 (38) "Reward share" means the unit of money as appropriated by the General
- 13 Assembly to be distributed to schools, and is determined by the total amount of the
- money available for rewards in a biennium and the total number of shares to be awarded.
- 15 (39) "Safe harbor" means for a school or district that has not met the reading or
- mathematics annual measurable objective, that the school or district is considered to have
- met the objective in reading or mathematics if the school or district reduces its percent of
- total students or subpopulation(s) (whichever group(s) did not meet the reading or
- mathematics annual measurable objective), scoring below proficient by ten (10) percent;
- and students in the same population or subpopulation(s) demonstrate improvement or
- obtain a 100 or higher on the prior year academic index.
- 22 (40) "Sample of schools" means a representation of schools, not to exceed five (5)
- percent, of those with an accountability index above the assistance line.

- 1 (41) "Scholastic audit" means a comprehensive review of a school's learning
- 2 environment, efficiency, and academic performance of students to determine the level of
- 3 support necessary to continuously improve student academic performance.
- 4 (42) "School classification" means the status of a school or school district,
- 5 including meets goal, progressing, or in need of assistance based on measures of growth
- 6 as defined in 703 KAR 5:020.
- 7 (43) "School portfolio" means a collection of documents pertinent to a school
- 8 that is used to create a profile of the strengths and limitations of the
- 9 school's instructional and organizational effectiveness, including:
- 10 (a) The comprehensive school improvement plan;
- 11 (b) State assessment results;
- 12 (c) Federal accountability results;
- 13 (d) Student achievement data;
- 14 (e) Portfolio writing analysis data;
- 15 (f) School survey data;
- 16 (g) The school report card;
- 17 (h) District technology inventory;
- 18 (i) School handbook and master schedule;
- 19 (j) School-based decision-making policies and meeting minutes;
- 20 (k) Teacher lesson plans;
- 21 (1) District evaluation plan;
- 22 (m) Curriculum alignment documents;
- 23 (n) Examples of student work; and

- 1 (o) A listing of professional development activities.
- 2 (44) "School recognition points" means accountability index scores of fifty-five (55),
- 3 sixty-six (66), seventy-seven (77), eighty-eight (88), and 100 on the accountability index
- 4 scale used to recognize school standing.
- 5 (45) "Stable population" means students in grades at which accountability
- 6 assessments are administered who would have attended the school prior to and
- 7 after any service area boundary changes or other local board of education policy changes
- 8 affecting school population served.
- 9 (46) "Standard error of measurement" means, for purposes of the assistance line or the
- 10 goal line, the statistic derived from the baseline calculations taking into account
- appropriate sources of measurement error and number of students assessed.
- 12 (47) "Standards and indicators for school improvement" means the evaluation tool used
- in the scholastic audit process to determine the appropriateness of the school's
- 14 classification and to make recommendations to improve teaching and learning for
- inclusion in the existing comprehensive school and district
- improvement plans.
- 17 (48) "Standing of a school" means the actual performance of a school as measured by the
- 18 accountability index.
- 19 (49) "State goal" means 100 on the accountability index scale which all schools are
- 20 expected to meet by the target biennium.
- 21 (50) "Student achievement levels" means categories of student learning in each of the
- content areas, including nonperformance, medium novice, high novice, low apprentice,
- 23 medium apprentice, high apprentice, proficient, or distinguished.

- 1 (51) "Student with limited English proficiency" means an individual who is an
- 2 English language learner who has sufficient difficulty speaking, reading,
- 3 writing, or understanding the English language and whose difficulties may deny the
- 4 individual opportunity to meet the state's proficient level of achievement on state
- 5 assessments and to successfully achieve in classrooms where the language of instruction
- 6 is English or to participate fully in society. A "student with limited English proficiency"
- 7 also means a student who is age three (3) to twenty-one (21),
- 8 is enrolled or preparing to enroll in an elementary school or secondary school and:
- 9 (a) Was not born in the United States or, whose native language is a language
- other than English;
- 11 (b) Comes from an environment in which a language other than English has had a
- significant impact on the individual's level of English language proficiency;
- 13 (c) Is Native American, Alaska Native, or native resident of the outlying areas who
- comes from an environment in which a language other than English has had a significant
- impact on the student's level of English language proficiency; or
- 16 (d) Is migratory, whose native language is a language other than English, and
- 17 comes from an environment in which a language other than English is dominant.
- 18 (52) "Sufficient size for calculating participation rates" means that a school or district
- 19 has at least ten (10) students in a subpopulation in each grade in which NCLB
- assessments are administered and at least sixty (60) students in the subpopulation in these
- 21 grades combined.
- 22 (53) "Sufficient size for making comparisons to annual measurable objectives"
- 23 means that:

- 1 (a) A school or district has at least ten (10) students in a subpopulation in
- 2 each grade in which NCLB assessments are administered; and
- 3 (b) At least sixty (60) students in the subpopulation in these grades combined or the
- 4 subpopulation constitutes at least fifteen (15) percent of the students in these grades
- 5 combined.
- 6 (54) "Target biennium" means the biennium by the end of which schools are
- 7 expected to reach the state goal, which is the biennium ending with the
- 8 2013-2014 school year.
- 9 (55) "Testing window" means a period of time designated annually by the Kentucky
- 10 Department of Education within which all state-required assessment shall be
- 11 administered.
- 12 (56) "Title I school or district" means a school or district eligible for and
- 13 receiving Title I funds.
- 14 (57) "Writing portfolio score" means the score assigned by teachers, or score
- reassigned through portfolio scoring audit procedures, to a collection of a
- student's best work.